# ASSIGNED TO THE HONORABLE PARIS KALLAS HEARING DATE: AUGUST 14, 2009 (W/OUT ORAL ARGUMENT)

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### ASSIGNED TO THE HONORABLE PARIS KALLAS

### SUPERIOR COURT OF WASHINGTON FOR KING COUNTY

J.B., M.B., and D.L.,

Plaintiffs,

NO. 08-2-02341-9 SEA

1 Idilitii

vs.

CORPORATION OF THE CATHOLIC ARCHBISHOP OF SEATTLE, a sole corporation, et al.,

PLAINTIFFS' MOTION TO COMPEL DISCOVERY FROM DEFENDANT CORPORATION OF THE CATHOLIC ARCHBISHOP OF SEATTLE

Defendants.

## I. RELIEF REQUESTED

Plaintiffs respectfully request that the Court order defendant Corporation of the Catholic Archbishop of Seattle ("Seattle Archdiocese" or "the Archdiocese") to fully respond to discovery requests that ask for the following information:

- (1) Information and documents regarding individuals accused of engaging in sexual misconduct with minors prior to 1986;
- (2) Information and documents regarding the relationship between the Seattle Archdiocese, the Christian Brothers, the Christian Brothers Institute and/or O'Dea High School between 1972 and 1980;
- (3) Documents from the files of individuals and entities who were likely aware of Courtney's sexual abuse of children or his treatment for that abuse; and,
- (4) Inventories, card catalogs, finding aids, or similar documents that show what records the Archdiocese has in its possession.

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The Archdiocese should be ordered to produce this information because it is relevant and not protected by any privilege.

### II. STATEMENT OF FACTS

### A. Plaintiffs' Allegations

Since 2004, more than a half-dozen men, including Plaintiffs, have alleged that they were sexually abused by Edward Courtney at O'Dea High School between 1974 and 1978.

The Plaintiffs allege that (1) the defendants knew that Courtney had sexually abused students prior to being transferred to O'Dea, (2) the defendants knew that Courtney sexually abused students at O'Dea, including their principal, John McGraw, (3) the defendants failed to take reasonable steps to protect them from being sexually abused by Courtney, and (4) the defendants covered-up Courtney's abuses in an effort to protect the name and reputation of the Catholic Church. *See generally* First Amended Complaint for Damages.

The Archdiocese has denied all of these allegations. *See generally* Defendant Corporation of the Catholic Archbishop of Seattle's Answer and Affirmative Defenses to Plaintiff's Complaint for Damages.

### **B.** Plaintiffs' Discovery Requests

In order to support their allegations and to rebut the Archdiocese's defenses, Plaintiffs requested the following information:

(1) Information and documents regarding priests, Christian Brothers, members of religious orders, and others who have been accused of engaging in sexual misconduct with minors prior to 1986, including: documents from the Priest Personnel Board, each individual's "secret file," documents from the "secret archive," documents related to therapy or similar treatment, and how the Seattle Archdiocese otherwise responded to those accusations; <sup>1</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Plaintiffs' First Set of Interrogatories and Requests for Production to Defendant Corporation of the Catholic Archbishop of Seattle and Objections and Responses Thereto, Declaration of Jason P. Amala in Support of Plaintiffs' Motion to Compel Discovery from Defendant Corporation of the Catholic Archbishop of Seattle ("Amala Decl."), Ex. 1, at 7-13 (Interrogatory Nos. 1-3 and Request for Production Nos. 1-5).

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abuse;<sup>3</sup> and,

(4) Inventories, card catalogs, finding aids, or similar documents that show what records the Archdiocese has in its possession.<sup>4</sup>

O'Dea High School between 1972 and 1980;<sup>2</sup>

Information and documents regarding the relationship between the Seattle

Archdiocese, the Christian Brothers, the Christian Brothers Institute and/or

Documents from the files of individuals and entities who were likely

aware of Courtney's sexual abuse of children or his treatment for that

As the Court can see from its responses, the Archdiocese failed to provide substantive responses or documents in response to these requests.<sup>5</sup>

#### The Defendants Have Produced One Document Regarding Courtney's Abuse of C. Children

In more than five years since the first discovery requests were served on the Archdiocese and the Christian Brothers defendants in cases involving Edward Courtney, the defendants have produced exactly one record that actually discusses Courtney's abuse of children.<sup>6</sup> That document provides a detailed account of Courtney's sexual abuse of children, beginning in 1968 and ending with his removal from O'Dea because of the abuse, and notes that the O'Dea principal, John McGraw, was well aware of the abuse and complaints by parents. No other documents have been produced regarding Courtney's abuse of children. 8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> *Id.* at 21-23 (Interrogatory No. 6 and Request for Production Nos. 13 and 14)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> *Id.* at 13, 17-21 (Request for Production Nos. 6 and 12).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Letter from Jason P. Amala to Karen Kalzer, dated July 17, 2009, Amala Decl., Ex. 2; *see also* Plaintiffs' First Set of Interrogatories and Requests for Production to Defendant Corporation of the Catholic Archbishop of Seattle and Objections and Responses Thereto, Amala Decl., Ex. 1 (asserting a "general objection" on page six that Plaintiffs' requests "prejudice Defendant Archdiocese due to the passage of time," and then objecting to nearly every interrogatory and request for production as "overly broad" or "unduly burdensome" or just "objection").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Amala Decl., at ¶ 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Amala Decl., at ¶ 4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Dispensation From Perpetual Vows or for Exclaustration, Amala Decl., Ex. 3 (noting "a problem with a couple of boys the first year" that Courtney was at O'Dea, "nothing serious" the second year, "another incident" in 1976, and then "another confrontation of parents with the Principal telling of three incidents during the year" in 1978).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Amala Decl., at ¶ 4. PLTFFS' MOTION TO COMPEL - 3 of 10 08-2-02341-9 SEA

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# PLTFFS' MOTION TO COMPEL - 4 of 10

## The Parties Met and Conferred Regarding This Motion

Plaintiffs requested a CR 26(i) conference with the Archdiocese to address their responses and objections to the discovery requests outlined above.<sup>9</sup>

During that conference, the Archdiocese refused to withdraw its objections or supplement its discovery responses, other than noting that a substantial volume of records from its files on O'Dea High School will be produced on August 14, 2009. 10

Regarding Plaintiffs' request for information and documents on individuals accused of engaging in sexual misconduct with minors prior to 1986, the parties discussed the Archdiocese's defense in the recent *Biteman* trial that (1) it was not aware in the 1970s that sexual abuse of minors was a serious problem, (2) it believed an individual who had sexually abused a minor could be cured or successfully treated, and (3) it acted reasonably in giving such a person access to children so long as the person was in treatment.<sup>11</sup>

Plaintiffs pointed-out that this case involves similar allegations of sexual abuse in the 1970s, and that the Archdiocese's previous position in the *Biteman* trial makes the requested information very relevant. The Archdiocese refused to withdraw its objections and refused to produce any additional information. 12

The parties also discussed the Archdiocese's "general objection" that it cannot respond to Plaintiffs' discovery requests because of the passage of time, and its blanket objections that Plaintiffs' discovery requests are "overly broad" and "unduly burdensome." Plaintiffs asked the Archdiocese to explain what documents it has reviewed and what documents it has not reviewed, or to produce the inventories, card catalogues, and similar finding aids that show the records maintained by the Archdiocese. <sup>13</sup>

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Letter from Jason P. Amala to Karen Kalzer, dated July 17, 2009, Amala Decl., Ex. 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Amala Decl., at ¶ 5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> *Id.* at ¶ 6.

 $<sup>^{12}</sup>$  *Id.* at ¶ 7.

The Archdiocese refused to do either. However, as discussed above, it did indicate that a substantial volume of records from its files on O'Dea High School would be produced on August 14, 2009.<sup>14</sup>

Pursuant to this conference, the parties have met and conferred in good faith but could not resolve this dispute, as required by CR 26(i). 15

### III. EVIDENCE RELIED UPON

This motion relies upon the Declaration of Jason P. Amala in Support of Plaintiffs' Motion to Compel Discovery from Defendant Corporation of the Catholic Archbishop of Seattle ("Amala Decl.") and the pleadings and evidence previously filed in this case.

### IV. ISSUE PRESENTED

Should defendant Seattle Archdiocese be ordered to fully respond to discovery requests that seek relevant and non-privileged information?

### V. LEGAL ARGUMENT

The Court should enter an order requiring the Archdiocese to produce the requested discovery because it is relevant and not privileged. CR 26(b)(1) (a party "may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, which is relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending action, whether it relates to the claim or defense of any other party ... It is not grounds for objection that the information sought will be inadmissible at the trial if the information sought appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.").

**First,** information and documents regarding priests, Christian Brothers, members of religious orders, and others who have been accused of engaging in sexual misconduct with minors prior to 1986, and how the Archdiocese responded to those accusations, is relevant to

<sup>15</sup> *Id.* at ¶ 9.

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 $<sup>^{14}</sup>$  *Id.* at ¶ 8.

show (1) notice that sexual abuse of children was a foreseeable harm, and (2) the Archdiocese failed to take reasonable steps to protect Plaintiffs from that harm.

These are the threshold issues in this case, particularly where the Archdiocese has denied all of Plaintiffs' allegations and recently tried to defend itself in the *Biteman* trial by claiming that (1) it was not aware in the 1970s that sexual abuse of minors was a serious problem, (2) it believed an individual who had sexually abused a minor could be cured or successfully treated, and (3) it acted reasonably in giving such a person access to children so long as the person was in treatment.

The requested discovery will show that the Archdiocese knew sexual abuse was a foreseeable harm in the 1970s and early 1980s because priests and other religious figures had sexually abused children, and it will show that the Archdiocese failed to exercise reasonable care to protect Plaintiffs from Courtney because it was aware that sexual abusers were likely to re-offend, even when in treatment.

**Second,** information and documents regarding the relationship between the Seattle Archdiocese, the Christian Brothers, the Christian Brothers Institute, and O'Dea High School between 1972 and 1980 is relevant because these entities are defendants in this case, the abuse occurred at O'Dea High School, and Plaintiffs assert that these entities breached their duty to protect them from Courtney.

For example, Plaintiffs asked the Archdiocese to provide a detailed description of the organizational relationship between these entities and "any control that the Seattle Archdiocese had over who served at the school, including John McGraw and any other

While the Archdiocese provided some information regarding its involvement with O'Dea, it mainly focused on describing the role of the Christian Brothers, and it failed to answer whether it controlled or had any management authority over John McGraw, the principals, or the other Christian Brothers at O'Dea. This lack of information is likely due to the fact that Plaintiffs have alleged John McGraw, the principal, was well aware that Courtney was sexually abusing students at O'Dea.

Plaintiffs are entitled to a detailed response regarding the Archdiocese's role in the operation of O'Dea High School between 1972-1980, including its role as to John McGraw and facts related to whether it had a principal/agent relationship with O'Dea.

The Archdiocese also refused to provide any information or correspondence regarding its relationship with the Christian Brothers Institute between 1972 and 1982. That information must be produced.

**Third,** Plaintiffs asked the Archdiocese to produce responsive documents from the files of individuals and entities that were likely aware of Courtney's abuse of children or his treatment for that abuse. By definition, these files are likely to contain information that is reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence regarding Courtney's abuse of children and how the Archdiocese responded to that abuse. This is particularly true where the Archdiocese has objected to responding to Plaintiffs' discovery requests "due to the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Plaintiffs' First Set of Interrogatories and Requests for Production to Defendant Corporation of the Catholic Archbishop of Seattle and Objections and Responses Thereto, Amala Decl., Ex. 1, at 21 (Interrogatory No. 6).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> *Id.* at 22-23 (Interrogatory No. 6).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> *Id.* 21-24 (Interrogatory No. 6 and Request for Production Nos. 13-14).

passage of time" and has objected to the majority of Plaintiffs' discovery requests as "overly broad" or "unduly burdensome."

If the Archdiocese genuinely believes that the requested discovery is "overly broad" or "unduly burdensome," then it bears the burden of seeking an appropriate protective order. *Johnson v. Jones*, 91 Wn. App. 127, 133, 955 P.2d 826 (1998) ([i]f a party disagrees with the scope of production, or wishes not to respond, it must move for a protective order and cannot withhold discoverable materials").

**Finally,** the Archdiocese's inventories, card catalogs or similar finding aids are reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence because the Archdiocese has objected to responding to Plaintiffs' discovery requests "due to the passage of time" and has objected to the majority of Plaintiffs' discovery requests as "overly broad" or "unduly burdensome."

If the Archdiocese wants to assert that Plaintiffs' requests are "overly broad" or "unduly burdensome," and if it wants to be excused for not looking through all of its records because of the "passage of time," then it needs to articulate what documents it has reviewed and what documents it has not reviewed. If it is unwilling to do so, then it should be required to produce documents that show what records are in its possession so that Plaintiffs can ensure all likely sources of responsive documents have been reviewed.

The fact that the Archdiocese intends to produce responsive documents from its files on O'Dea High School a week before the discovery cut-off date shows that this remedy is needed. The first cases involving Courtney's abuses at O'Dea were filed in February 2004 – but the Archdiocese is just now producing records from its files on O'Dea?

The requested discovery is relevant and not privileged. It should be produced.

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### VI. CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, Plaintiffs respectfully request that the Court grant Plaintiffs' motion to compel.

Dated this 6th day of August, 2009.

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### CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

State of Washington that I am employed at Pfau Cochran Vertetis Kosnoff PLLC, and that on

this 6<sup>th</sup> day of August, 2009, I served Plaintiffs' Motion to Compel Discovery from Defendant

Corporation of the Catholic Archbishop of Seattle, and the Declaration of Jason P. Amala in

support thereof, via E-Service, Legal Messenger, and/or U.S. Mail as indicated below by

I, Bernadette Lovell, hereby declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the

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